



UNIT 9 MARK'S GOSPEL.

FOREWORD:

This Course is self-contained but it can be supplemented by the use of extra Commentaries, such as those by COLE or the New Bill Commentary: 21st Century Edition (edited by Carson et al, 1994) and a Bible Atlas.

Any contemporary version of the gospel is useful but this Course is written on the basis of the New Revised Standard Version (NRSV). It is recommended that you obtain a copy that you can underline and mark as you study. The New International Version (NIV) is a suitable alternative.

There are ten lessons, each containing five questions. (There is a sixth question in each lesson, which can be used for group study but the answer is not to be sent in for marking.)

Each question should be answered in about half a page to one page.

Please forward your answers to the Registrar in two Sections

1. Lessons 1 to 5, these will be marked and returned to you.
2. Lessons 6 to 10, also marked and returned to you with your certificate.

The questions are designed to push the student to study beyond the notes to the Bible itself and also to think of an application.

There is a glossary of the more unfamiliar words included at the end of these notes.

**UNIT 9 MARK'S GOSPEL****GLOSSARY OF TERMS.**

1. Anathema a thing cursed, detested.
2. Apocalypse a book recording dreams and visions full of symbols and codes, lit. "a revelation".
3. Atonement wiping out of humanity's sin by Christ.
4. Authentic genuine; reliable; trustworthy.
5. Bee1zebub the Devil
6. Eschatological related to eschatology.
7. Eschatology doctrine of death, judgement, heaven and hell and Christ's return.
8. Ethos characteristic spirit and beliefs of a community.
9. Incarnation Christ's coming to Earth in human flesh.
10. Messiah Hebrew title for God's man who will lead his people; the anointed one.
11. Messianic referring to the Messiah.
12. Nisan The first month of the Jewish year. It was also called Abib. It nearly corresponds to March.
13. Narrative Story; recital of facts.
14. Rabbi (s) Jewish scholar (s) or teacher (s).
15. Rabbinic referring to a Rabbi.
16. Resurrection Rising of Christ from the grave.
17. Sanhedrin Highest Court of Justice and Supreme Council in ancient Jerusalem, with 71 members.
18. Sect party or faction in a religious body.
19. Synagogue Jewish place of meeting for religious observance and instruction.



20. Synoptic Gospels The Gospels of Matthew, Mark and Luke which describe events from the same point of view.
21. Transfiguration change of form or appearance, especially that of Christ.
22. Trinitarian relating to the Trinity which is the union of the 3 persons (Father, Son and Holy Spirit) in the Godhead.